Question Starts:
Q.1. "License for compounding and blending of foreign liquor" be issued under what Form in the Manipur Excise Rules, 1962?
   a) Form No. 9;  b) Form No. 8;  c) Form No. 7;  d) Form No. 6.

Q.2. How many persons are there who are disqualified for appointment as salesman or agents under the Manipur Excise Rules, 1962?
   a) 10;  b) 6;  c) 8;  d) 9.

Q.3. Under what part “procedure and Settlement” contain under the Manipur Excise Rules, 1962?
   a) Part-VII  b) Part-VI;  c) Part-IV;  d) Part-III.

Q.4. Does Ganja is intoxicating drug under the Manipur Excise Rules, 1962?
   a) not applicable;  b) does not belonged;  c) yes;  d) none of the above.

Q.5. Is there any period of license to be granted under the Manipur Excise Rules, 1962?
   a) five years;  b) four years;  c) three years;  d) two years.

Q.6. Is there any Rule for "Execution of Bond" under the Manipur Excise Rules, 1962?
   a) yes;  b) no rule;  c) not included;  d) none of the above.

Q.7. What is PART II of the Manipur Excise Rules, 1962?
   a) country spirit, import and transformation;  b) country spirit, import and sale;  c) country spirit, import, export and transport;  d) none of the above.

Q.8. How many number of spirits can be compounded and blended under the Manipur Excise Rules, 1962?
   a) four;  b) five;  c) six;  d) seven.

Q.9. Is there any fee for examination of sample in the Manipur Excise Rules, 1962?
   a) no;  b) not enshrined;  c) yes;  d) none of the above.

Q.10. The word “Government” under the Manipur Excise Rules, 1962 means?
   a) The Commissioner of Excise;  b) The Manipur Administration;  c) The Superintendent of Excise;  d) none of the above.

Q.11. Under what Rule “Procedure of export of spirituous preparations” have been contained under the Manipur Excise Rules, 1962?
   a) 43;  b) 45;  c) 39;  d) 48.

Q.12. Who is the authority to issue passes for import of India made foreign liquor under the Manipur Excise Rules, 1962?
   a) Collector of the importing district only;  b) Commissioner;  c) Chief Collector;  d) none of the above.

Q.13. India made rectified spirit under the Manipur Excise Rules, 1962 means?
   a) absolute alcohol;  b) preparations containing spirits;  c) flavoring essences;  d) none of the above.

Q.14. Overseas foreign liquor under the Manipur Excise Rules, 1962 have been defined?
   a) under Rule 13;  b) under Rule 19;  c) under Rule 20;  d) none of the above.

Q.15. The pass fee rate under Rule 21 of the Manipur Excise Rules, 1962 have been amended or not?
   a) yet to be amended;  b) amended;  c) does not amend;  d) none of the above.

Q.16. Under what Section the definition of "medical hemp" has been defined?
   a) Under Section 2 (c);  b) Under Section 2 (d);  c) Under Section 2 (f);  d) Under Section 2 (h).

Q.17. How many Section are there under CHAPTER II of the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1930?
   a) 9;  b) 8;  c) 7;  d) 6.

Q.18. What is the maximum punishment for contravention of Section 4 of the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1930?
   a) three years with or without fine;  b) two years with or without fine;  c) one year with or without fine;  d) none of the above.

Q.19. What is the maximum penalty for contravention of Section 9 of the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1930?
   a) with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees;  b) with fine which may extend to one ten thousand rupees;  c) with fine which may extend to one twenty thousand rupees;  d) with fine which may extend to one thirty thousand rupees;
Q. 20. What is the maximum punishment for contravention of Section 8 of the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1930?
   a) six years with or without fine;
   b) five years with or without fine;
   c) four years with or without fine;
   d) three years with or without fine.

Q.21. What is the Act No. of the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) Act No. 1 of 1910;
   b) Act No.2 of 1910;
   c) Act No. 3 of 1910;
   d) none of the above.

Q.22. Whether the word “Bear” include ale, stout, porter under the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) does not include;
   b) included;
   c) does not arise;
   d) none of the above.

Q.23. Under what definition the word “To denature” have been defined under the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) Under definition 7;
   b) under definition 6;
   c) under definition 5A;
   d) none of the above.

Q.24. Whether charas include under intoxicating drug under the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) yes;
   b) no;
   c) does not include;
   d) none of the above.

Q.25. Under what section Excise Commissioner have been appointed East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) under Section 9;
   b) under Section 10;
   c) under Section 11;
   d) none of the above.

Q.26. How many definition are there under Section 3 of the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) 29;
   b) 28;
   c) 26;
   d) 25

Q.27. What do you mean by "Tari" under Section 3 of the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) means juice;
   b) means powder;
   c) means herb;
   d) means lump.

Q.28. Whether the word “Pachwai” means under the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) means fermented rice, millets;
   b) means fermented rice, millet;
   c) means fermented rice, milletes;
   d) none of the above.

Q.29. Who in the appointing authority under the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) The State Government;
   b) The Commissioner of Excise;
   c) The Provincial Government;
   d) none of the above.

Q.30. How many clauses and sub-clauses are there under Section 8(2) of the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) seven clauses and three sub-clauses;
   b) eight clauses and three sub clauses;
   c) nine clauses and three sub-clauses;
   d) none of the above.

Q.31. Who are to be under the control of the Board under Section 9 (1) of the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) The Provincial Government;
   b) The Excise Commissioner and the Commissioner of the Division;
   c) The Collector;
   d) none of the above.

Q.32. Who is the authority to grant permission for import of intoxicant under the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) the Commissioner of Excise;
   b) the Collector;
   c) the Provincial Government;
   d) none of the above.

Q.33. Is there any duty payable for transport of intoxicant under the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) yes;
   b) no;
   c) does not arise;
   d) none of the above.

Q.34. Who is the authority to grant passes under Section 14 of the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) the Collector;
   b) the Excise Commissioner;
   c) the Provincial Government;
   d) none of the above.

Q.35. Under what Section permission to be granted for manufacture of intoxicant under Section 15 of the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) Collector or the Provincial Government;
   b) Collector or the Excise Commissioner;
   c) Collector of the District;
   d) none of the above.
Q.36. Who is the authority to grant license for sale of intoxicant under Section 18 of the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) the Provincial Government;
   b) the State Government;
   c) the Director;
   d) none of the above.

Q.37. How many explanation are there under Section 21 of the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) one
   b) two
   c) three
   d) four.

Q.38. Under what Section “method of levy of duty” have been contained under the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) Section 25;
   b) Section 23;
   c) Section 22;
   d) none of the above.

Q.39. What does Chapter VI contain under the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) LICENCES, PERMITS AND PASSES;
   b) LICENCING, PERMISSION AND PASSES;
   c) LICENSE, PERMITS AND PASS;
   d) NONE OF THE ABOVE.

Q.40. Is there any provision of cancellation of licenses in other cases under the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) no;
   b) yes;
   c) does not arise;
   d) none of the above.

Q.41. How much time is there for giving notice for surrender of license under the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) two months;
   b) three months;
   c) one month;
   d) none of the above.

Q.42. Under what Section recovery of dues have to made under the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) under Section 40;
   b) under Section 35;
   c) under Section 37;
   d) none of the above.

Q.43. Under what provision the Provincial Government can make Rules under the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) under Section 36;
   b) under Section 39;
   c) under Section 38;
   d) none of the above.

Q.44. Under which provision for arrest, seizure and search without warrant under the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) under Section 47;
   b) under Section 45;
   c) under Section 44;
   d) under Section 38.

Q.45. How many category of powers are there by an investigating officer under East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) four
   b) three
   c) two
   d) one.

Q.46. What is the maximum period of detention under Section 48 of the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) ten hours;
   b) twelve hours;
   c) twenty four hours;
   d) none of the above.

Q.47. Under what Section provision of Bail have been contained under the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) under Section 49;
   b) under Section 50;
   c) under Section 51;
   d) none of the above.

Q.48. What is the maximum punishment for Consumption of intoxicants in druggists’ shop under the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) three months;
   b) four months;
   c) two months;
   d) one months.

Q.49. What is the punishment for abetment under the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) under Section 116 of the I.P.C.;
   b) under Section 117 of the I.P.C.;
   c) under Section 118 of the I.P.C.;
   d) none of the above.

Q.50. What is the punishment of cowardice under the East Bengal and Assam Excise Act, 1910?
   a) three months;
   b) four months;
   c) two months;
   d) one month.

Q.51. What does Chapter II of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 contain?
   a) general knowledge;
   b) general information;
   c) general explanation;
   d) none of the above.

Q.52. Whether the word “Person” under the Indian Penal Code, 1860 includes?
   a) any corporation or association or body of persons;
   b) any company or association or body of persons;
   c) any companion or association or body of persons;
   d) none of the above.

Q.53. Whether the word “India” under the Indian Penal Code, 1860 includes the State of Jammu and Kashmir?
   a) yes;
   b) exclude;
   c) does not arose;
   d) none of the above.
Q.54. How many classification of the word “Public servant” are there under the Indian Penal Code, 1860.
   a) thirteen;  b) twelve;  c) eleven’ d) ten.

Q.55. What do you mean by “Wrongful loss” under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) the loss by unlawful means of property to which the person losing it is legally entitled;
   b) the loss by lawful means of property to which the person losing it is illegally entitled;
   c) is the loss by unlawful means of properties to which the person losing it is legally entitled;
   d) none of the above.

Q.56. Whether a power of attorney is a document under Section 29 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) no; b) yes; c) does not include; d) none of the above.

Q.57. Under what Section “Injury” has been contained under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) Section 47; b) Section 46; c) Section 45; d) Section 44.

Q.58. Whether the word “year”, “month” denotes under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) British calendar; b) Indian Calendar; c) Manipuri Calendar; d) none of the above.

Q.59. Under what Section “Act of Judge when acting judicially” have been contained under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) Section 76; b) Section 78; c) Section 79; d) none of the above.

Q.60. Under what Section “Act of person of unsound mind” have been contained under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) Section 89; b) Section 87; c) Section 84; d) none of the above.

Q.61. How many provisos are the under Section 89 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) seven; b) six; c) four; d) three.

Q.62. Under what Section “Communication made in good faith” have been contained under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) Section 94; b) Section 93; c) Section 92; d) Section 91.

Q.54. Whether the “Thing done is private defence” under the Indian Penal Code, 1860 is an offence or not?
   a) not an offence; b) is an offence; c) does not include under the I.P.C.; d) none of the above.

64. How many number of Sections are there under Chapter IV of the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) thirty four; b) thirty three; c) thirty two; d) thirty one.

Q.65. How many explanations are there under Section 108 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) six; b) five; c) four; d) three.

Q.66. How many proviso are there under Section 111 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) one; b) two; c) three; d) four.

Q.67. What does Chapter VII of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 contain?
   a) OF OFFENCES RELATING TO THE ARMY, NAVY AND AIR FORCE;
   b) OF OFFENCES RELATING TO THE SUBJECT, NAVY AND AIR FORCE;
   c) OF OFFENCES RELATING TO THE PEOPLE, NAVY AND AIR FORCE;
   d) NONE OF THE ABOVE.

Q.68. What is the punishment for Harbouring deserter under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) punishment only; b) punishment for two years, or with fine, or with both; c) no punishment have been enshrined; d) none of the above.

Q.69. Whether public servant taking gratification other than legal remuneration in respect of an official act under the Indian Penal Code, 1860 have been repealed or not?
   a) not repealed; b) repealed; c) does not arise; d) none of the above.

Q.70. What is the term of imprisonment for personating a public servant under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) one year; b) two years; c) three years; d) four years.
Q.71. Under what Section absconding to avoid of summons or other proceedings are to be imprisoned under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) under Section 172;  b) under Section 173;
   c) under Section 174;  d) none of the above.

Q.72. What is the term of imprisonment for furnishing false information under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) one year;  b) nine months;
   c) six months;  d) none of the above.

Q.73. Under what Section refusing to answer public servant authorized to question have been contained under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) Section 178;  b) Section 179;
   c) Section 180;  d) none of the above.

Q.74. What is the term of imprisonment for refusing to sign statement under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) two months;  b) three months;
   c) four months;  d) none of the above.

Q.75. Under what Section of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 imprisonment of obstructing sale of property offered for sale by authority of public servant have been contained?
   a) under Section 188;  b) under Section 187;
   c) under Section 186;  d) under Section 184.

Q.76. How many explanations are there under Section 193 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) six;  b) five;  c) four;  d) three.

Q.77. Under what Section using evidence known to be false have been contained under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) under Section 201;  b) under Section 200;
   c) under Section 198;  d) under Section 196.

Q.78. What is the term of imprisonment for giving false information respecting an offence committed under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) two years;  b) three years;
   c) four years;  d) none of the above.

Q.79. Mention the term of imprisonment for dishonestly making false claim in Court under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) four years;  b) three years;
   c) two years;  d) none of the above.

Q.80. Under what Section of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 harbouring offender has been contained?
   a) under Section 212;  b) under Section 213;
   c) under Section 214;  d) under Section 215.

Q.81. How many exception are there under Section 214 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) one;  b) two;  c) three;  d) four.

Q.82. How many explanation and exception are there under Section 216-A of the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) two and two;  b) one and one;
   c) three and three;  d) none of the above.

Q.83. Whether Section 226 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 have been repealed or not?
   a) repealed;  b) not yet repealed;
   c) still in existence;  d) none of the above.

Q.84. What is the offence of disturbing religious assembly under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) imprisonment of two years;
   b) imprisonment of one year;
   c) imprisonment of six months;
   d) none of the above.

Q.85. Under what Section trespassing on burial places, etc. have been contained under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) under 295;  b) under 295-A;
   c) under 296;  d) under 297.

Q.86. What does chapter XV of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 contain?
   a) of offences relating to religion;
   b) of offences relating to burial;
   c) of offences relating to graveyard;
   d) none of the above.

Q.87. Under what Sections “wrongful restraint” and “wrongful confinement” have been contained under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) Section 338 & 339;
   b) 339 and 340;
   c) 340 and 341;
   d) none of the above.

Q.88. Mention imprisonment for wrongful restraint under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) nine months;  b) six months;
   c) one month;  d) none of the above.

Q.89. What is the punishment for wrongful confinement for ten days or more days under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) five years;  b) four years;
   c) three years;  d) two years.
Q.90. Under what Section punishment for wrongful confinement in secret have been contained under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) Section 343;  b) Section 344;
   c) Section 345;  d) Section 346.

Q.91. How many classification of force are there under Section 349 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) three classification;  b) two classification;
   c) one classification;  d) zero classification.

Q.92. How many explanation are there under Section 351 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) three;  b) two;
   c) one;  d) none of the above.

Q.93. How many clauses and sub-clauses are there under Section 354-A of the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) four clauses and four sub-clauses;
   b) three clauses and four sub-clauses;
   c) two clauses and four sub-clauses;
   d) none of the above.

Q.94. Under what Section punishment of voyeurism have been content under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) 354-A;  b) 354-B;  c) 354-C;  d) 354-D.

Q.95. What is the term of imprisonment for assault or criminal force on grave provocation under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) four months;  b) three months;
   c) two months;  d) one months.

Q.96. Under what Section cheating has been contained under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) 420;  b) 419;
   c) 418;  d) none of the above.

Q.97. What is the term of imprisonment for cheating and dishonestly inducing delivery of property under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) seven years;  b) six years;
   c) five years;  d) four years.

Q.98. What is the term of punishment for mischief by fire or explosive substance with intent to destroy house etc. under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) fourteen years;  b) thirteen years;
   c) twelve years;  d) ten years.

Q.99. Where does house-breaking have been contained under the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) under Section 445;
   b) under Section 444;
   c) under Section 443;
   d) none of the above.

Q.100. How many classification and explanation are there under Section 445 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860?
   a) seven classification and one explanation;
   b) six classification and one explanation;
   c) five classification and one explanation;
   d) none of the above.

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Question Ends.